

NIH HEAL INITIATIVE

Non-addictive Analgesic Therapeutics Development

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March 11, 2021





NIH HEAL Initiative and Helping to End Addiction Long-term are service marks of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

NIH Helping to End Addiction Long-term (HEAL) Initiative: Pain Research Priorities

Enhance Pain Management

- Understand the biological underpinnings of chronic pain
- Accelerate the discovery and preclinical development of non-addictive pain treatments
- Advance new non-addictive pain treatments through the clinical pipeline
- Inform best practices for effective pain management while minimizing risk of addiction



Read about the research plan:

www.nih.gov/heal-initiative

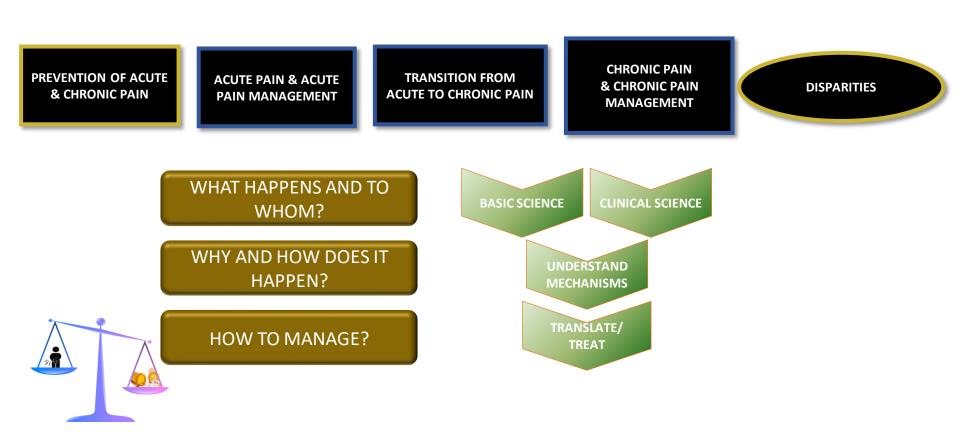


Collins, Koroshetz, Volkow; JAMA, 2018



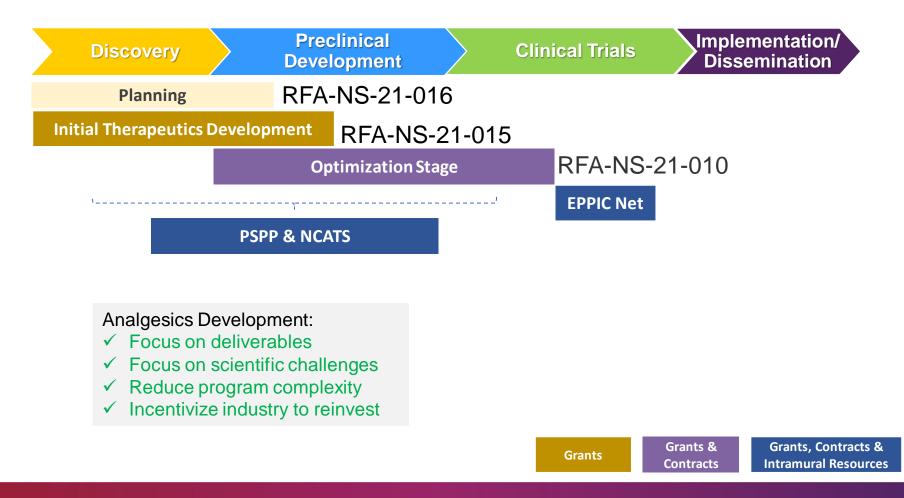
Federal Pain Research Strategy 2017

strategic plan for pain research across federal agencies



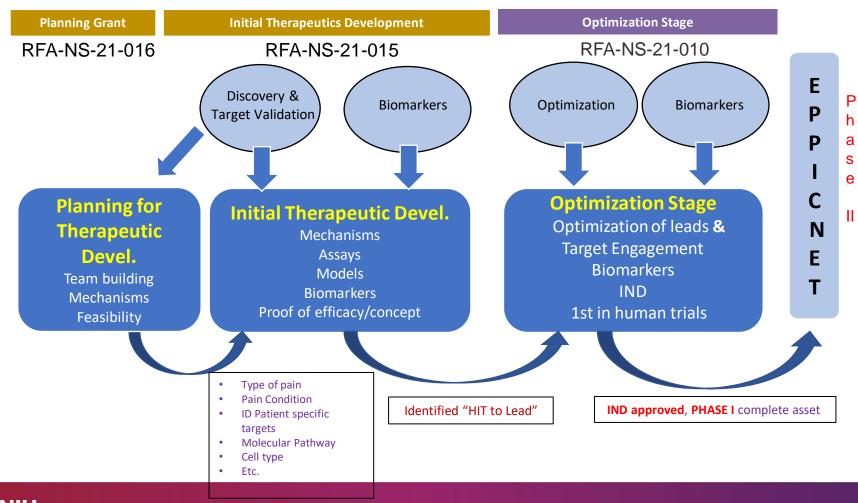
https://iprcc.nih.gov/sites/default/files/iprcc/FPRS_Research_Recommendations_Final_508C.pdf

Proposed HEAL Analgesic Development Program





HEAL Analgesic Development Program



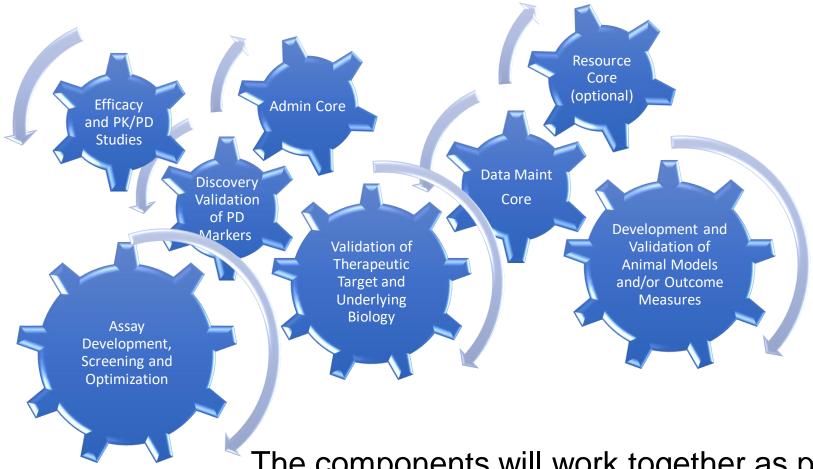


Planning R34 v Team U19

- U19 Entry Criteria:
 - Multidisciplinary team
 - evidence it has expertise AND can work together
 - Biological rationale Feasibility
 - preliminary data
 - literature-based evidence
- U19 is up to 5 years (if milestones are met)
 - direct costs of \$1.5 million per year including all consortium and subaward costs
- R34 is 2 years
 - may not exceed \$500,000 per year, including consortium costs
 - Build multidisciplinary team
 - Preliminary data Biological Rational Feasibility



U19 Team Research for Initial Translational Efforts



The components will work together as part of a whole project to develop a single asset.



U19 - Initial Therapeutic Development

- Support research program of multiple projects
 - o specific major objective or program goal
 - multidisciplinary approach
- Cooperative agreement
 - o organized efforts of large groups
 - Federal programmatic staff involvement
 - assist investigators
 - terms and conditions of award. investigators have primary authorities and responsibilities
- Each research project
 - o leadership by established PI representing special competencies
 - Each project has unity and interdependence directly related total research effort
- Can provide support for shared resources



U19 – Components

- Overall Integrated Development Plan: required; 12pg
- Administrative Core: required; 1pg
- Data Management Core: required; 1pg
- Resource Core: optional; 3pg
- Research Components: required; # min. 3; max. 5
 - Validation of Therapeutic Target and Underlying Biology
 - Development and Validation of Animal Models and/or Outcome Measures
 - Assay Development, Screening and Early Optimization
 - Discovery and/or Validation of Pharmacodynamic Markers
 - Efficacy and Pharmacokinetic/Pharmacodynamic Studies



Competitive U19 Applications

- Multidisciplinary Team
 - Expertise for all components working together
 - Should also strive to include diversity in team members
 - Input from patients/caregivers encouraged
- Rational for Proposed Approach to Treating Pain
 - Should be supported by a cogent biological rationale for how the proposed approach will result in new and promising non-addictive treatment for pain
- Clinical Benefit of Potential Pain Treatment
- Therapeutic Development Plan
 - It is expected that you will be ready for to RFA-NS-21-010 at the completion of the U19 5 years
- Data Management
 - See website for more on HEAL data management. This is critical.
 - https://heal.nih.gov/about/public-access-data.
- Milestones



Milestones

- Annual go/no-go milestones must be proposed
- Quantifiable, well-described, and scientifically justified
- Gate beginning and ending of tasks AND individual components
 - Most research components will not span the full 5 years
- Specific Aims or a list of activities <u>are not</u> milestones!
- Because therapeutic discovery and development are high risk, there will be significant attrition of programs.



Example Milestones

- Developed assays will perform with the specificity and activity required for use as a compound or biologic screening method. Activity will be demonstrated by the following:

 - a. The positive control inhibits enzyme activity by >80%
 b. The negative control, does not inhibit enzyme activity (<5%)
 c. Receptor negative cells do not respond to the positive control (<5%)
- Developed assays will perform with the signal-to-noise, precision and dynamic range required for use as a compound or biologic screening method. <u>Signal-to-noise</u>, <u>precision and dynamic range</u> will be demonstrated by the following:
 - o The Z' score will be ≥0.5, based on values from at least half a plate of positive and negative controls
 - The blinded test-retest reliability (r²) will be ≤ 0.75 on at least 4 positive and 4 negative compounds
 - o The positive control demonstrates a dose-response relationship.
- Developed assays will perform with the accuracy and precision required for use as a compound or biologic screening method. The reported accuracy and precision of the assay will be within 10% of a designated reference standard.



Milestones Review

- Proposed milestones: peer reviewed and are scored
- Prior to award, NIH program staff will contact you to finalize milestones based on review recommendation and RFA goals
- Annual milestone evaluation will be done via administrative review by NIH
 - Successful achievement of milestones
 - The overall feasibility of program advancement, considering data that may not have been captured in milestones
 - Competitive landscape for the disease indication and drug target
 - HEAL programmatic priorities
 - Availability of funds



5 Research Components

- Validation of Therapeutic Target and Underlying Biology
- Development and Validation of Animal Models and/or Outcome Measures
- Assay Development, Screening and Optimization
- Discovery and/or Validation of Pharmacodynamic Markers
- Efficacy and Pharmacokinetics/Pharmacodynamic (PK/PD) Studies



Validation of Therapeutic Target and Underlying Biology

- Describe the unique and innovative contributions that will be made by this project
 - Proposed therapeutic target(s)
 - Rigorous validation
 - Type(s) of pain or pain condition(s) or pain-associated with specific disease(s)
- Demonstrate little or no addiction potential
- Rigorously validate the target
 - Multiple animal models
 - reproducing the work in another laboratory
 - Consider experiments using human tissue
- Expand understanding of the underlying biology to support rational for therapeutics development



Development and Validation of Animal Models and/or Outcome Measures

- New models or ex vivo systems can be genetic, chemical, and/or physiological manipulations
- Should represent a significant advance over those that currently exist for defined pain conditions
- Should translate to human condition as best possible
- Should include internal and external validation.
 Include face, construct, and predictive validity (to the extent possible)



Assay Development, Screening and Optimization

- Should include plans for:
 - Development of in vitro and/or ex vivo assays
 - Screening and/or rational design efforts to identify and characterize novel assets for neurological disorder
 - Assets can be a small molecules or biologics
- Assays should be optimized, standardized and validated as needed for the screen
 - Throughput should be sufficient for needs of the project
- Applicants are encouraged to consult the <u>NCATS</u> <u>Assay Guidance Manual</u>



Discovery and/or Validation of Pharmacodynamic Markers

- PD markers represent target engagement (direct or indirect):
 - Represent endpoints that can be measured in both preclinical and clinical settings
 - Represent a significant advance over PD measurements that may already exist for the therapeutic agent and targeted pain condition
- Plans for internal and external validation



Efficacy and Pharmacokinetics/Pharmacodynamic (PK/PD) Studies

- Goal is to demonstrate that the proposed asset has sufficient biological activity to warrant further development to treat neurological disorders (entry criteria for RFA-NS-21-010)
- Pharmacokinetic measurements reflect the body's effect on the absorption, metabolism, distribution and excretion of the asset.
- Combined measurement of <u>PK</u>, <u>PD</u> and in vivo <u>efficacy</u> greatly increases understanding of an asset



Applications that are Nonresponsive

- Applications targeting <u>opioid receptors</u>
- Applications <u>lacking</u> milestones
- Applications lacking plans for at least 3 research components
- Projects in the lead optimization, IND-enabling or clinical stage (see <u>RFA-NS-21-010</u>)
- Technical development of <u>neurostimulation or other</u> <u>medical devices</u> for the treatment of pain
- Applications to develop disease initiation, remission, relapse, prognostic, diagnostic or prediction of progression biomarkers

Non-responsive applications will be withdrawn from consideration BEFORE review.



U19 Application Reviews

Goal of this FOA: Team-based research projects to develop assays, screening and early optimization work to develop non-addictive therapeutics to treat pain

Two Critical Review Goals

Application components:

- a strong rationale
- rigorous supporting experimental data
- research team expertise
- rigorous research plan
- interdisciplinary team-based approach

to validate non-addictive pain therapeutic target(s) and therapeutic agent(s)

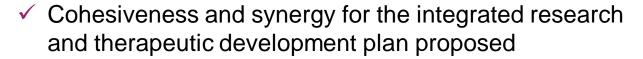
Evaluation on potential to meet entry criteria for next phase of translation (RFA-NS-21-010)

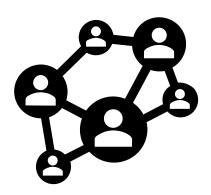
How the proposed integrated therapeutic development plan will likely generate a pain therapeutic asset to the point (within 5 years) where they can meet the entry criteria for: optimization & development of promising small molecule and biologic hits/leads to Phase-I CTs.



U19 Application Reviews

Application Evaluation Criteria





- ✓ Relationship and contributions of the Research Components, Resource Core(s) and Data Management Core to the overall objectives
- Synergy between the components that could not be achieved through individual NIH award mechanisms
- ✓ Clear advantages of conducting the proposed therapeutic development plan as a collective team-based program rather than through separate efforts
- Relevant strengths and weaknesses of individual components in the context of the entire integrated pain therapeutic development plan
- ✓ Feasibility and meeting milestone requirements, since there is no opportunity for renewal of grant awards under this FOA



U19 Application Reviews: Review Criteria

Overall Integrated Development Plan:

- Significance
- Investigators
- Innovation
- Approach
- Environment

Overall Milestones

Administrative Core:

- Leadership
- Admin Management
- Planning & Evaluation
- Component integration
- Communication with Data Management Core

Resource Core(s):

- Investigators
- Approach
- Environment

Individual Research Components:

- Significance
- Investigators
- Innovation
- Approach
- Environment

Data Management Core:

- Investigators
- Approach
- Environment

Study Timeline

Overall Impact of the Proposed U19



U19 Application Reviews: Rigor & Reproducibility

- Is the rigor of the prior research that served as the key support addressed for each individual research component and for the overall integrated development plan?
- Are development and standardization of in vitro, ex vivo and in vivo assays for the proposed therapeutic agent scientifically sound and rigorous, in relation to the validated therapeutic target and related pain type(s)/indication(s) and/or disease-associated pain conditions?
- What is the likelihood that these assays will provide rigorous specificity testing and screening of the proposed therapeutic agent(s)?
- Does the experimental design include measures to reduce potential bias, including blinding, randomization, and inclusion/exclusion criteria?
- Is the data source used to calculate sample size estimates (power analysis) and details about the analysis itself included?
- Are the proposed plans for testing the efficacy and PK/PD characteristics robust? Will the PD and in vivo efficacy plan support future therapeutic development? Will it produce therapeutic agents that meet the entry criteria for the next optimization phase?



General Recommendations

- Carefully read the Funding Announcement
- Components should be integrated. Most components will not take the full 5 years. Have a clear plan for how one feeds into another and how this is milestone gated
- All 5 research components need to be included unless you can demonstrate that the work is already done
- Include clear, quantitative go/no-go milestones
- Discuss rigor, both in preliminary data and proposed experiments. (<u>Rigor Guidelines</u>)
- Discuss intellectual property plans; include letter from tech transfer office
- <u>Discuss</u> therapy development plan



More General Recommendations

- Include a multidisciplinary team
- The review panel will be multidisciplinary
- Contact NIH Program Staff in advance
- Demonstrate that you will meet the entry criteria for <u>RFA-NS-21-010</u>
- Pay attention to Human Subjects requirements
 - Not just clinical trials human tissue is included



RFA-NS-21-010 - Non-addictive Analgesic Therapeutics Development [Small Molecules and Biologics] to Treat Pain (UG3/UH3)

The overall goal of this initiative is to support preclinical optimization and early Phase I testing to develop of safe, effective, and non-addictive small molecule and biologic therapies to treat pain.

- Accelerate the optimization and development of promising small molecule and biologic hits/leads into therapeutic agents
- Entry Criteria:
 - A rigorous biological rationale for the intended approach
 - A promising small molecule or biologic starting point for optimization
 - Scientifically sound assays to optimize and test the agent



Non-addictive Analgesic Therapeutics Development [Small Molecules and Biologics] to Treat Pain

Goal

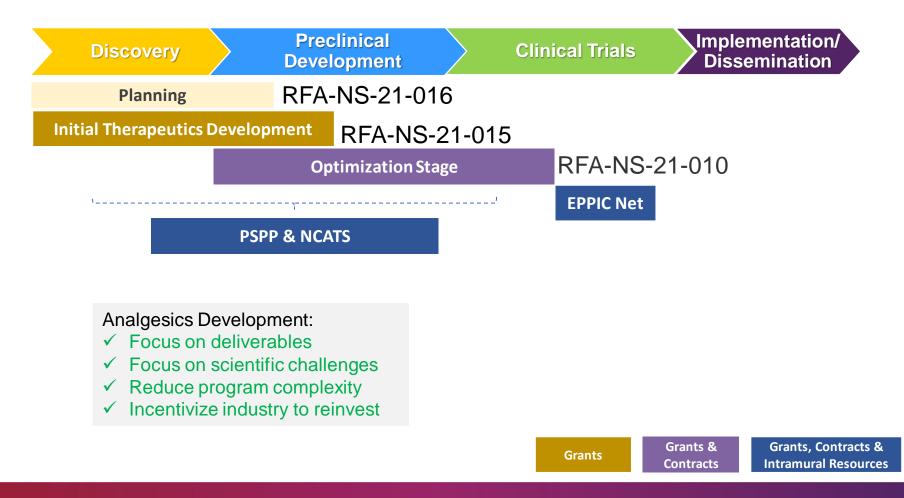
Accelerate development of novel, non-opioid, non-addictive analgesics

Five-year Benchmarks

- ✓ At least 5 promising projects with appropriate assay(s), model(s), and tools ready for preclinical lead optimization.
- ✓ At least 3 novel analgesics with an IND and human safety data ready for clinical efficacy studies through EPPIC-Net or equivalent phase II trial.

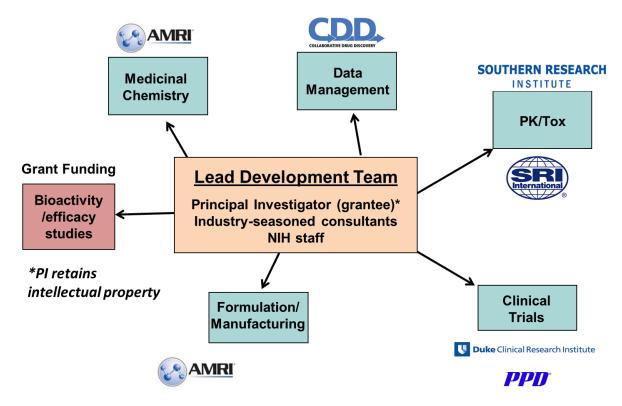


Proposed HEAL Analgesic Development Program





Provide Resources Not Readily Available in Academia



* Contract resources are tailor-made to support PI teams (Other contracts may be implemented)



Webinar Questions?

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